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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/813,380	03/30/2004	Paul James Buriak	2004B020	4679
	7590 02/22/200 nemical Company	EXAMINER		
Law Technolog		AUGHENBAUGH, WALTER		
P.O. Box 2149 Baytown, TX 7	7522-2149		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
•			1794	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			02/22/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary		ation No.	Applicant(s)			
		,380	BURIAK ET AL.			
		ier	Art Unit			
	WALTE	R B. AUGHENBAUGH	1794			
The MAILING DATE of this comm Period for Reply	unication appears on	the cover sheet with the o	correspondence ac	ddress		
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE  - Extensions of time may be available under the provision after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this could be supported by the maximum provided for reply within the set or extended period for reply received by the Office later than three month earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b)	MAILING DATE OF ons of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no mmunication. statutory period will apply and ply will, by statute, cause the assafter the mailing date of this	THIS COMMUNICATION event, however, may a reply be tire d will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from application to become ABANDONE	N. mely filed the mailing date of this of ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	,		
Status						
<ol> <li>Responsive to communication(s)</li> <li>This action is FINAL.</li> <li>Since this application is in condition closed in accordance with the pra</li> </ol>	2b)☐ This action is on for allowance exce	non-final. pt for formal matters, pro		e merits is		
Disposition of Claims		,,				
4) Claim(s) <u>1-64</u> is/are pending in the 4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>1-31 and</u> 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) <u>32-55 and 64</u> is/are rejected to a claim(s) is/are objected to a claim(s) are subject to resistance.  Application Papers	d 56-63 is/are withdra					
9) The specification is objected to by 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/a Applicant may not request that any ob Replacement drawing sheet(s) includ 11) The oath or declaration is objected	re: a) accepted or rection to the drawing(sing the correction is req	e) be held in abeyance. Security be held in abeyance. Security is obtained if the drawing(s) is obtained in the held in abeyance.	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ejected to. See 37 C	, ,		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).  a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.  2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No  3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).  * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Attachment(s)  1) \[ \sum \text{Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)} \]		4) 🔲 Interview Summary	(PTO-413)			
<ul> <li>Notice of Neterelless Cited (P10-092)</li> <li>Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review</li> <li>Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/09-092)</li> <li>Paper No(s)/Mail Date</li> </ul>	· ·	Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	ate			

Art Unit: 1794

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

1. Applicant's Request for Reconsideration filed November 20, 2007 has been received and considered by Examiner.

- 2. Claim 64 is incorrectly labeled as "(New)" in the set of claims submitted with the Request for Reconsideration filed November 20, 2007. New claim 64 was presented in the Amendment filed July 2, 2007.
- 3. No new claims have been presented in the set of claims submitted with the Request for Reconsideration filed November 20, 2007.

#### Election/Restrictions

4. This application contains claims 56-63 drawn to an invention nonelected with traverse in the reply filed on July 2, 2007. A complete reply to the final rejection must include cancellation of nonelected claims or other appropriate action (37 CFR 1.144) See MPEP § 821.01.

### REPEATED REJECTIONS

#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

5. The 35 U.S.C. 102 rejection of claims 32-34, 37-41, 45-50 and 64 made of record in paragraph 6 of the previous Office Action mailed September 18, 2007 has been repeated for the reasons previously made of record.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

6. The 35 U.S.C. 103 rejection of claims 35, 36, 42, 43 and 51-55 made of record in paragraph 8 of the previous Office Action mailed September 18, 2007 has been repeated for the reasons previously made of record.

Art Unit: 1794

7. The 35 U.S.C. 103 rejection of claim 44 made of record in paragraph 9 of the previous Office Action mailed September 18, 2007 has been repeated for the reasons previously made of record.

## Response to Arguments

8. Applicant's arguments presented on pages 10-12 of Applicant's Request for Reconsideration filed November 20, 2007 regarding the 35 U.S.C. 102 rejection of claims 32-34, 37-41, 45-50 and 64 (and regarding the 35 U.S.C. 103 rejection of claims 35, 36, 42, 43, and 51-55) have been fully considered but are not persuasive.

Applicant argues that the "additional layer" to which is referred in the rejection of record is not necessarily a barrier layer. Examiner maintains the position set forth in the rejection of record that "any additional layer would serve as a barrier layer because the additional bulk of the layer would further retard the permeation of gas through the multilayer structure as compared with the multilayer structure without the additional layer". The additional layer is an additional layer in the laminate that constitutes the pipe of Kitami et al. This additional layer would therefore serve as a barrier layer because the additional bulk of the layer would further retard the permeation of gas through the multilayer structure as compared with the multilayer structure without the additional layer.

Applicant refers to a "defin[ition]" of "barrier layer" at paragraph 38 of the specification, but the only limitation of "barrier layer" that is required by paragraph 38 of the specification is that the "barrier layer" comprises one or more layers of film of polymeric materials and/or other materials. The "additional layer" to which is referred in the rejection of record meets this limitation. Applicant appears to argue that paragraph 38 of the specification requires that the

barrier layer be "impermeable to CO<sub>2</sub>", but paragraph 38 of the specification does not require this. The "permeability to carbon dioxide" ranges listed in paragraph 38, all of which are "preferabl[e]", indicate that paragraph 38 does not require that the barrier layer is "impermeable to CO<sub>2</sub>". None of these "permeability to carbon dioxide" ranges are required by paragraph 38 for a layer to be considered a barrier layer.

In regard to Applicant's statements in footnote 5 on page 11 of the Request for Reconsideration, a "core of a multilayered structure" is taught at col. 7, lines 53-54. The rejection of record refers to an "additional layer in the core of a multilayered structure". The teaching of Kitami et al. of an embodiment of the core where the core is of a "multilayered structure", and therefore, is multilayered, includes multilayered cores of three or more layers, so any layer that is "disposed between" the first and second "tubular structure[s]" corresponds to the claimed barrier layer. This follows from the reference in the rejection of record to an "additional layer in the core of a multilayered structure": for the "additional layer" to correspond to the claimed barrier layer that is "disposed between" the first and second "tubular structure[s]", the "additional layer" must be "disposed between" the inner and outer "wall[s]" of the multilayer core. This structure is met in any embodiment of the "core of a multilayered structure" having three or more layers, which falls within the scope of the teaching of a "core of a multilayered structure".

Applicant argues on page 11 of the Request for Reconsideration, including in footnote 6, that claims 42, 43, 54 and 55 "should be independently allowable", but Applicant has not provided any argument that convincingly rebuts the basis for rejection of these claims that is of record. Applicant's argument here appears to assume that the position of the Office is that Kitami

Art Unit: 1794

et al. explicitly teaches the limitations of claims 42, 43, 54 and 55, but this is not the position of the Office as is clear from the rejection of claims 42, 43, 54 and 55 of record. See 35 U.S.C. 103 rejection of claims 35, 36, 42, 43, and 51-55 made of record in paragraph 8 of the previous Office Action mailed September 18, 2007 (claims 42, 43, 54 and 55 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103, not 35 U.S.C. 102).

In regard to claim 46, Applicant argues that Kitami et al. does not teach that the pertinent layers do not comprise (at least one) of the recited polyolefins because the portion of Kitami et al. cited in the Office Action teaches "nylon or blends of nylon with polyolefins at only 10 to 40 parts by weight". However, since Kitami et al. teaches that the pertinent layers comprise (at least one) of the recited polyolefins exactly because Kitami et al. teaches "nylon or blends of nylon with polyolefins at only 10 to 40 parts by weight". The claim does not require that the polyolefin be present in some amount greater than 40 parts by weight, despite Applicant's suggestion that this is the case. Examiner further notes that polyethylene, polypropylene and ethylene-propylene copolymers are all disclosed as suitable polyolefins in the passage cited in the rejection of record (more specifically, at col. 6, lines 26-29), and a further (and separate) teaching of polyolefins as a suitable component of the pertinent layers is also disclosed in the passage cited in the rejection of record at col. 6, lines 44-52.

Applicant states on page 12 of the Request for Reconsideration that the obviousness rejection of record (of claims 35, 36, 42, 43 and 51-55) states that Kitami et al. "discloses the claimed 'barrier layer' by teaching that 'the stress crack barrier material has improved impermentation to Freon gases'", but the rejection of record does not state that Kitami et al. "discloses the claimed 'barrier layer' by teaching that 'the stress crack barrier material has

Art Unit: 1794

improved impermeation to Freon gases". See paragraph 8 of the previous Office Action mailed September 18, 2007. The statement "Kitami et al., however, disclose that the stress crack barrier material has improved impermeation to Freon gases (col. 6, lines 15-26)" is a factual statement that is made in the rejection of record in support of the 35 U.S.C. 103 rejection of claims 35, 36, 42, 43, and 51-55. Paragraph 8 of the previous Office Action mailed September 18, 2007. The statement refers to a "barrier material", not a barrier layer. Reference to a "barrier material" in the rejection of record is consistent with the interpretation of "barrier" of record ("any additional layer would serve as a barrier layer because the additional bulk of the layer would further retard the permeation of gas through the multilayer structure as compared with the multilayer structure without the additional layer") and the discussion of Kitami et al. of the material of the "inner wall" (col. 6, lines 15-22) which has "improve[d] impermeation to Freon gases" and "resistance to stress cracks". Contrary to Applicant's suggestion, the rejection of record does not state that the passage at col. 6, lines 15-22 refers to the layer that the Office relies upon as the claimed "barrier layer".

Applicant argues that the "'inner wall' of Kitami does not correspond to Applicant's 'barrier layer' [as claimed]", but the rejection of record does not state that the "inner wall" of Kitami does correspond to Applicant's claimed "barrier layer" (which is "disposed between" the first and second "tubular structure[s]"). See discussion made of record above.

9. Applicant's arguments presented on page 12 of Applicant's Request for Reconsideration filed November 20, 2007 regarding the 35 U.S.C. 103 rejection of claim 44 has been fully considered but are not persuasive. Applicant's arguments depend upon Applicant's arguments

Art Unit: 1794

regarding the 35 U.S.C. 102 rejection of claims 32-34, 37-41, 45-50 and 64 (and regarding the 35 U.S.C. 103 rejection of claims 35, 36, 42, 43, and 51-55), which have been addressed above.

#### Conclusion

10. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

11. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Walter B. Aughenbaugh whose telephone number is (571) 272-1488. While the examiner sets his work schedule under the Increased Flexitime Policy, he can normally be reached on Monday-Friday from 8:45am to 5:15pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Terrel Morris, can be reached on (571) 272-1478. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Art Unit: 1794

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <a href="http://pair-direct.uspto.gov">http://pair-direct.uspto.gov</a>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Walter B Aughenbaugh / Patent Examiner, Art Unit 1794

02/14/08